

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc)

1 Purpose

nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc) generates a vector of pseudo-random integers from the discrete binomial distribution with parameters m and p .

2 Specification

```
void nag_rngs_binomial (Integer mode, Integer m, double p, Integer n, Integer x[],  
Integer igen, Integer iseed[], double r[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc) generates n integers x_i from a discrete binomial distribution, where the probability of $x_i = I$ is

$$P(x_i = I) = \frac{m!}{I!(m-I)!} p^I \times (1-p)^{m-I}, \quad I = 0, 1, \dots, m,$$

where $0 \leq m$ and $0 \leq p \leq 1$. This represents the probability of achieving I successes in m trials when the probability of success at a single trial is p .

The variates can be generated with or without using a search table and index. If a search table is used then it is stored with the index in a reference vector and subsequent calls to nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc) with the same parameter values can then use this reference vector to generate further variates.

One of the initialisation functions nag_rngs_init_repeatable (g05kbc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag_rngs_init_nonrepeatable (g05kcc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc).

4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison–Wesley

Kendall M G and Stuart A (1969) *The Advanced Theory of Statistics (Volume 1)* (3rd Edition) Griffin

5 Parameters

1: **mode** – Integer *Input*

On entry: a code for selecting the operation to be performed by the function:

mode = 0

Set up reference vector only.

mode = 1

Generate variates using reference vector set up in a prior call to nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc).

mode = 2

Set up reference vector and generate variates.

mode = 3

Generate variates without using the reference vector.

Constraint: $0 \leq \text{mode} \leq 3$.

2:	m – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the number of trials, m , of the distribution.		
<i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{m} \geq 0$.		
3:	p – double	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the probability of success p of the binomial distribution.		
<i>Constraint:</i> $0.0 \leq \mathbf{p} \leq 1.0$.		
4:	n – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the number, n , of pseudo-random numbers to be generated.		
<i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$.		
5:	x[n] – Integer	<i>Output</i>
<i>On exit:</i> the n pseudo-random numbers from the specified binomial distribution.		
6:	igen – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudo-random number and should remain unchanged following initialisation by a prior call to one of the functions nag_rngs_init_repeatable (g05kbc) or nag_rngs_init_nonrepeatable (g05kcc).		
7:	iseed[4] – Integer	<i>Input/Output</i>
<i>On entry:</i> contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.		
<i>On exit:</i> contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.		
8:	r[dim] – double	<i>Input/Output</i>
Note: the dimension, dim , of the array r must be at least $22 + 20\sqrt{\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{p}(1 - \mathbf{p})}$ when mode < 3 and at least 1 otherwise.		
<i>On exit:</i> the reference vector.		
9:	fail – NagError *	<i>Input/Output</i>
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).		

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_INT

On entry, **mode** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: $0 \leq \mathbf{mode} \leq 3$.

On entry, **m** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: $\mathbf{m} \geq 0$.

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$.

NE_PREV_CALL

p or **m** is not the same as when **r** was set up in a previous call. Previous value of **p** = $\langle value \rangle$, **p** = $\langle value \rangle$. Previous value of **m** = $\langle value \rangle$, **p** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_REAL

On entry, **p** < 0.0 or **p** > 1.0: **p** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, parameter $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

The example program prints 20 pseudo-random integers from a binomial distribution with parameters $m = 6000$ and $p = 0.8$, generated by a single call to nag_rngs_binomial (g05mjc), after initialisation by nag_rngs_init_repeatable (g05kbc).

9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_rngs_binomial(g05mjc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 7, 2001.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdl�.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double p;
    Integer i, igen, m, n, nr;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;

    /* Arrays */
    double *r=0;
    Integer *x=0;
    Integer iseed[4];

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("g05mjc Example Program Results\n\n");
    n = 20;
    nr = 6007;

    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(r = NAG_ALLOC(nr, double)) || 
        !(x = NAG_ALLOC(n, Integer)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Set the distribution parameters P and M */
    p = 0.8;
```

```

m = 6000;
/* Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence */
iseed[0] = 1762543;
iseed[1] = 9324783;
iseed[2] = 42344;
iseed[3] = 742355;
/* igen identifies the stream. */
igen = 1;
g05kbc(&igen, iseed);

/* Choose MODE = 2 */
g05mjc(2, m, p, n, x, igen, iseed, r, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from g05mjc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
{
    Vprintf("%12ld\n", x[i]);
}
END:
if (r) NAG_FREE(r);
if (x) NAG_FREE(x);
return exit_status;
}

```

9.2 Program Data

None.

9.3 Program Results

g05mjc Example Program Results

```

4758
4851
4793
4820
4851
4795
4807
4792
4787
4842
4801
4794
4806
4878
4745
4790
4832
4789
4743
4812

```